

Subsection (c)(3) and the clause "until a successor is appointed and qualifies" in subsection (c)(4) of this section are standard language added to avoid gaps in membership by indicating that a member serves until a successor takes office. These additions are supported by the cases of Benson v. Mellor, 152 Md. 481 (1927), and Grooms v. LaVale Zoning Board, 27 Md. App. 266 (1975).

In subsection (d) of this section, the former provision that called for a quorum of 4 members is restated, without substantive change, in more general language that refers to "[a] majority of the authorized membership of the Board". This language conforms to similar provisions in other titles of this article and will accommodate possible future legislative changes in the number of members to be appointed to the Board, without the necessity of enacting a conforming change here.

Defined terms: "Board" § 10-101  
"Lawyer" § 10-101

#### 10-203. DISPOSITION OF MONEY.

THE BOARD SHALL PAY ALL MONEY COLLECTED UNDER THIS TITLE INTO THE GENERAL FUND OF THE STATE.

REVISOR'S NOTE: This section is new language derived without substantive change from former Art. 10, § 3(d)(2).

Defined term: "Board" § 10-101

#### GENERAL REVISOR'S NOTE TO PART I:

The State Board of Law Examiners is governed by the Court of Appeals rather than the Department of Licensing and Regulation, which governs all but one of the other occupational licensing boards under this article. As a result, this Part I of this subtitle does not include some of the provisions on procedures and staff that appear in other licensing laws in this article. Matters such as compensation and functions of the Board are addressed by rules adopted by the Court of Appeals. See the Rules Governing Admission to the Bar.

10-204. RESERVED.

10-205. RESERVED.

#### PART II. ADMISSION TO BAR.

10-206. ADMISSION REQUIRED; EXCEPTIONS.